- Time step number (one for each calculation step).
- Time expressed in seconds (e.g. 86400 s = 1 day).

Dtime: Time step (updated for every step by the time step factor).



-

- \Box N-R iterations (iter = iterations in each time step; ntiter = total number of iterations).
 - Residual balance errors (if they are lower than tolerances, convergence is achieved).
 - ❑ Variable corrections (if they are lower than tolerances, convergence is achieved).
 - Element number in which the error is most unfavorable.
 - Iterations of the mechanical model (for some models).
 - Accumulated CPU-time consumed (total and time consumed only by the solver).



Convergence problems => Time step is reduced

- □ High number of N-R iterations (> Max. number of iterations per time step).
- Errors higher than tolerances.
- Divergence.

		\frown								
Stress	:	9	0.617E-	02	400	3				
Force balance	:	10	0.231E-	02	269					
Water balance	:	10	0.110E-	02	258					
Time step factor	:		0.7952	70728	7670506					
Displacement	:	10	0.189E-	04	269					
Liquid pressure	:	10	0.782E-	02	275					
Time step is reduced to: 0.591E-01										
(dtime=dtime/2) due to convergence problems.										
(N-R Iterations=	ITEF	RMA	K (=	10))	Force ba	alance	:	19	0.425E-04	1782
Liquid pressure : 3 0.461E+02 237 Time step is reduced to: 0.638E+01 because liquid pressure correction: 0.461E+02 is greater than dplmx: 0.100E+02 at node: 237										
Temperature : 1 0.926E+00 206 Time step is reduced to: 0.933E+02 because temperature correction: 0.926E+00 is greater than dtmx: 0.100E+00 at node: 206										
Time step is reduced to: 0.612E+00 (dtime=dtime/2) due to divergence problems.										

Possible solutions to convergence problems

- □ Automatic time step control:
 - ▶ More strict: use option 2-3 or 7-8.

	0-4: Time step control based on N-R iterations:				
	0 : no time step prediction is performed.				
	1: predicts time stepping according to a limit of 4 iterations.				
	2: predicts time stepping according to a limit of 3 iterations.				
	3: predicts time stepping according to a limit of 2 iterations.				
Time step	4: predicts time stepping according to a limit of 1 iteration.				
control	6-9: Time step control based on error estimation:				
(ITIME in root_gen.dat) Default: 1	6 : controls time stepping by means of a prediction based on the relative error deviation in the variables (relative error lower than 0.01).				
	7: same as 6 but with a tolerance equal to 0.001.				
	8: same as 6 but with a tolerance equal to 0.0001.				
	9 : same as 6 but with a tolerance equal to 0.00001.				
	Note: a time step control = 1 will always be considered for negative time.				

Problem data

General data Equations solved	Solution strategy Output	Select Output
Epsilon (intermediate time for nonlinear functions) Theta (intermediate time for implicit solution)	1	
Time step control (see manual)	1	
Max number of iterations per time step	10	Í
Solver type	iterative Sparse+CGS 🔹	
Max number of solver iterations[CGS]	1000	
Max abs solver error variable[CGS]	1.e-9	
Max abs solver error residual[CGS]	1e-9	
Max rel solver error residual[CGS]	1e-6	
Elemental relative permeability computed from	Averag	e nodal degrees of saturation
Max Abs Displacement[m]	1e-5	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN]	1e-10	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN] Displacement Iter Corr[m]	1e-10 0.1	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN] Displacement Iter Corr[m] Max Abs PI[MPa]	1e-10 0.1 1e-3	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN] Displacement Iter Corr[m] Max Abs PI[MPa] Max Nod Water Mass Bal[kg/s]	1e-10 0.1 1e-3 1e-10	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN] Displacement Iter Corr[m] Max Abs Pl[MPa] Max Nod Water Mass Bal[kg/s] Pl Iter Corr[MPa]	1e-10 0.1 1e-3 1e-10 10	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN] Displacement Iter Corr[m] Max Abs PI[MPa] Max Nod Water Mass Bal[kg/s] PI Iter Corr[MPa] Max Abs Temp[C]	1e-10 0.1 1e-3 1e-10 10 1e-3	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN] Displacement Iter Corr[m] Max Abs PI[MPa] Max Nod Water Mass Bal[kg/s] PI Iter Corr[MPa] Max Abs Temp[C] Max Nod Energy Mass Bal[J/s]	1e-10 0.1 1e-3 1e-10 10 1e-3 1e-10	
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN] Displacement Iter Corr[m] Max Abs PI[MPa] Max Nod Water Mass Bal[kg/s] PI Iter Corr[MPa] Max Abs Temp[C] Max Nod Energy Mass Bal[J/s] Temp Iter Corr[C]	1e-10 0.1 1e-3 1e-10 10 1e-3 1e-10 0.1	

<u>C</u>lose

Possible solutions to convergence problems

- □ Manual time step control:
 - Set a maximum time step on each interval (in "maximum time step" field).
 - Reduce "initial time step" if the problem is at the beginning of a time interval.

Interval data	
1 🔹 🚯 🔀 4	7 -
Units of time discretization Hours 💌	
Initial Time(start period) 0.0	
Initial Time Step 0.0	
Final Time(end period) 0.0	
Maximum Time Step 0.0	\square
Put displacements to 0	
Advanced options	

Errors higher than tolerances:

Eliminate condition of iteration correction by setting it to 10 or 100 (this can be done provided that there are other criteria used to control time step).

Liquid pressure : 3 0.461E+02 237 Time step is reduced to: 0.638E+01 because liquid pressure correction: 0.461E+02 is greater than dplmx: 0.100E+02 at node: 237 Temperature 1 0.926E+00206 Time step is reduced to: 0.933E+02 because temperature correction: 0.926E+00 is greater than dtmx: 0.100E+00 at node: 206

Max Abs Displacement[m]	1e-5
Max Nod Bal Forces[MN]	1e-10
Displacement Iter Corr[m]	0.1
Max Abs PI[MPa]	1e-3
Max Nod Water Mass Bal[kg/s]	1e-10
PI Iter Corr[MPa]	10
Max Abs Temp[C]	1e-3
Max Nod Energy Mass Bal[J/s]	1e-10
Temp Iter Corr[C]	0.1